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# AMADOR LEDGER

JACKSON, AMADOR COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1907.

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Will attend to Homestead, and other filings;  
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MARYSVILLE, CALIFORNIA.

Boarding and Day School conducted by Sisters  
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The curriculum embraces all the branches of  
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Great demand for ex-students in all lines.  
New students should enroll at once.  
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Gold, Silver and Silver 75c (results guar-  
anteed). Samples by mail receive prompt at-  
tention. Buyers and refiners of Bullion. Amal-  
gam, rich ore, etc. to be assayed by express or regis-  
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commission. Price list of assaying on applica-  
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**NEUHAUS & CO., Tailors.**  
WORLD-LEADERS in \$20 Suits and Over-  
coats made to order; style, fit, trimmings  
and workmanship guaranteed. Call and ex-  
amine our \$20 suits and overcoats, or write for  
samples, so that you may see that these suits  
and overcoats are sold elsewhere for \$25 and  
\$30.  
NEUHAUS & CO., TAILORS,  
1618 Ellis street, San Francisco.  
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**PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK**  
OF SACRAMENTO.  
Corner Fourth and J Sts.

ALL DEPOSITORS FOUR PER CENT  
ON TERM DEPOSITS. THREE PER CENT  
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Accepts deposits in sums  
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Guaranteed Capital . . . . . \$410,000  
Paid Up Capital and Reserve . . . . . 375,000  
Assets . . . . . 2,300,000  
Send Draft, P. O. Order, or Wells-Fargo Order  
and we will send pass book.  
—Money to Loan on Real Estate—  
WM. BECKMAN, PRES.  
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**ANDREW PICCARDO**  
Freighter and Teamster  
Jackson Gate Road

Freight hauled from lowest depot  
and other points at lowest rates.  
All parties wanting freight from  
Marcella delivered promptly should  
have the same addressed in care of  
A. Piccardo, and send bills of lading  
care Peter Piccardo Water St.

Receipt books, location blanks, deeds  
mortgages, promissory notes, etc.,  
for sale; also mining signals or  
cloth, graduation diplomas, at the  
Ledger office.

Copies of the license ordinance of  
the City of Jackson in pamphlet form  
may be had at the Ledger office; price  
15c. each.

## SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY

Reported weekly for the Ledger.

**Mineral Oil Soap.**—A Novel Theory  
of Sleep.—Electric Sickness.—The  
Weather Trigger.—A New Tidal  
Power Experiment.—Bas-Relief in  
Photographs.—A Singular Faculty.  
—Transplanted Sight.—Electric  
Hatching.

The saponification of petroleum, it  
appears, is a problem on which  
eminent chemists have worked for  
many years. Successful results are  
claimed at last by two French chem-  
ists, E. J. Lohammer and C. Tro-  
quet, and a high grade soap has  
been produced without animal fats.  
The process depends upon the use of  
an aqueous extract of Panama wood.  
At a recent demonstration, three  
per cent of this extract was beaten up  
with four quarts of somewhat heavy  
petroleum, the mixture becoming  
pale and butter-like in consistency  
and, the mass was then cooked with  
ten pounds of palm-oil over a gas fire,  
twelve quarts of soda lye of varying  
strength being gradually added.  
Analysis of the product shows that  
the petroleum represents from one-  
third to one-half of the total fatty  
matter. The soap is cheaper than  
others, and is claimed to have numer-  
ous other advantages, such as being  
odorless, antiseptic and non-inflam-  
mable. A curious "break and make"  
action among the brain cells is  
thought by Sir William Gowers to  
explain sleep. Brain activity is at-  
tributed to nerve cells, and nerve cords  
from these divide and subdivide until  
they end in little knobs. The nerve  
cells were formerly supposed to be  
permanently connected through their  
terminals. It is now known that  
these may be separated, and it is  
concluded that separation occurs  
during sleep. It is claimed that the  
theory is supported by the effect of  
narcotics.

Serious gastric troubles among  
workmen in large electric plants are  
attributed by a German authority to  
ozone-poisoning and not to electric  
radiations. Ozone is produced in  
large quantities, and with atmos-  
pheric nitrogen it forms nitric acid,  
explaining the acid taste often  
noted. An effective remedy is free  
ventilation and separation of high-  
tension apparatus from work rooms.

We cannot hope to make weather  
predictions accurate at all times,  
George Iles tells us, for it must  
often happen that an inappreciable  
cause may upset delicately balanced  
conditions. For example, a stratum  
of air may be very nearly saturated  
with aqueous vapor, while losing heat  
so slowly that moisture might not be  
deposited for a long time, and in this  
condition it is in such a state of  
unstable molecular equilibrium that  
the dropping of a small crystal of  
snow into it may produce a complete  
and widespread change. The cooling  
of the air would cause a fall of mist  
or dew around the snowflake. This  
deposited mist, sending its heat into  
space faster than the saturated air,  
would cool more air and condense  
more dew, and this would continue  
rapidly until a complete change of  
condition had been brought about.  
Thus the tiniest flake of snow may  
pull the trigger setting off the atmos-  
pheric gun.

The tidal basin at South Thomas-  
ton, Maine, has an area of a little  
more than a square mile, with an  
average range of twelve feet of tide.  
The dam and air compressor to be  
constructed on the plans of Wm O.  
Webber, are expected to store  
seventy per cent of the tidal energy  
of this inlet as compressed air, and  
thus to make 5,000 horse-power  
available for industrial use. As com-  
pressed air has been successfully  
distributed long distances, the leak-  
age being slight, it is proposed to  
transmit the tidal power through  
pipes to stone and lime quarries and  
factories of Rockland and places  
within twenty miles.

To obtain bas-relief effect in photo-  
graphs, Prof. G. Michaud, of Costa  
Rica State College, first makes a glass  
positive from the glass negative, then  
uses these glass plates to make a  
positive and a negative film. Devel-  
oped in the same baths, the two  
films contract equally on drying. On  
sensitized paper one film is laid over  
the other so that the pictures coin-  
cide, then one film is slightly moved  
diagonally, causing intense lights and  
deep shadows to be cast on opposite  
sides of reliefs and hollows. Print-  
ing is done without a ground glass,  
in direct sunlight.

Voluntary dilation of the pupils of  
the eyes seems to be a most extra-  
ordinary faculty. Lately noticing  
unusual movement in the pupils of a  
young morphine victim, Dr. Bloch,  
an English physician, questioned the  
patient, and found that for several

years he had been able to dilate his  
pupils at will. Conclusive demon-  
strations were given. A search of  
scientific literature showed references  
to only two similar observations and  
one of these was doubtful, the other  
recording the ability to dilate widely  
the pupil of the right eye. Dr.  
Bloch points out that these instances  
of voluntary control may make it  
necessary to revise the existing con-  
ception of the mechanism of the eye  
the existence of an unknown muscle  
being suggested.

The successful transplantation of  
the cornea, literally giving a blind  
man sight through another's eye,  
must be reckoned among the greatest  
miracles of surgery. The patient,  
lately exhibited by Dr. Zirm to the  
Medical Society of Vienna, had lost  
the sight of both eyes through ulcers.  
It happened that the surgeon had to  
take out the eye of an eleven-year-old  
boy, which had been ruined by a steel  
splitter although the cornea was left  
intact, and pieces from this eye were  
inserted in slits into the opaque  
cornea of the man's eye. Almost  
normal vision was restored to the  
right eye, the experiment failing in  
the left. A slight veil can be seen  
over the restored eye, but small  
print can be read.

The electric incubator of Dr.  
Weaver, Health Officer of Southport  
Eng., is heated by electric radiators,  
part of which can be switched auto-  
matically into or out of circuit, to  
regulate the heat. One form of the  
incubator has a maximum and mini-  
mum thermometer, with electrical  
contacts, the circuits being so ar-  
ranged as to throw the radiators into  
and out of circuit as the temperature  
reaches its lower and higher limits  
respectively. The temperature to be  
maintained can be adjusted as de-  
sired.

Nothing will relieve indigestion  
that is not a thorough digestant.  
Kodol digests what you eat and allows  
the stomach to rest—recuperate—grow  
strong again. Kodol is a solution of  
digestive acids and as nearly as possi-  
ble approximates the digestive juices  
that are found in the stomach. Kodol  
takes the work of digestion off the  
digestive organs, and while perform-  
ing this work itself does greatly assist  
the stomach to a thorough rest. In  
addition the ingredients of Kodol are  
such as to make it a corrective of the  
highest efficiency and by its action  
the stomach is restored to its normal  
activity and power. Kodol is manu-  
factured in strict conformity with the  
National Pure Food and Drug Law.  
Sold by E. W. Ruber.

**Froude's "Inaccuracy."**  
What competent critic today doubts  
the general trustworthiness of Froude's  
"History of England," in writing which  
he was obliged to transcribe from  
Spanish masses of papers which even  
a Spaniard would have read with diffi-  
culty? Yet what sweeping charges of  
inaccuracy were long made against  
him! Writing in 1870 to a friend, the  
historian says: "I acknowledge to five  
real mistakes in the whole book—  
twelve volumes—about twenty trifling  
slips, equivalent to 'I's not dotted  
and 't's not crossed, and that is all  
that the utmost malignity has discover-  
ed. Every one of these rasicals has  
made a dozen blunders of his own  
while detecting one of mine."—Success  
Magazine.

**Old Times in New York.**  
In 1789 New York city maintained an  
official who would whip a servant,  
either free or slave, for the master,  
charging a shilling for the job. Petty  
thieves were branded for life with  
"T" on the cheek. Mrs. Johanna Young  
and another woman convicted of grand  
larceny were driven all over the city  
in an open cart, then stripped to the  
waist and given thirty-nine lashes  
apiece in public and then banished.  
"Whereupon," says the record, "they  
went to Philadelphia."

**The Tender Hearted Butcher.**  
"I must have been a very tender  
hearted butcher who killed this lamb,"  
said the cheerful boarder, pausing in  
the saving of his chop.  
"Why?" kindly asked the inquisitive  
man.  
"He must have hesitated three or  
four years before striking the fatal  
blow."—London Tit-Bits.

## Lehnhardt's Candy

Is so pure, fresh and delicious  
that each piece seems to hold  
some new delight to lure you  
on to

"Just one more."

Mail us a P. O. or express  
money order, and we will do  
the rest.  
One pound box 75c.  
Two pound box \$1.35.  
Chocolate or French Mixed.  
Put up in heat resisting,  
moisture proof packages.

Express or postage prepaid.  
**LEHNHARDT'S**  
1159 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

## Washington Letter.

Washington, January 18, 1907.

The past week in congress has been  
devoted principally to the discussion  
of the discharge of the negro battalion  
and the senate has been crowded  
every day to listen to the speeches on  
the question, many of which were  
brilliant. From the beginning there  
has been a pretty general opinion that  
the Foraker resolution ordering an  
investigation should be adopted,  
and a resolution authorizing one will  
be passed as soon as a vote can be  
taken. There will now, therefore, be  
a chance to ascertain all the facts in  
the Brownsville affair, unaffected by  
a desire to make out a case in support  
of a decision. The question whether  
the president exceeded his authority  
in discharging the three companies  
will be taken up later. But already  
the president has acknowledged that  
in one respect at least he went beyond  
the bounds of his authority in dis-  
charging without honor these three  
companies for on Wednesday he issued  
an order modifying his original order  
discharging the companies in so far  
as it prohibited the members from  
entering civil service of the United  
States. The original order debarred  
them from such service.

The most important outcome of the  
president's order discharging nearly  
two hundred men without a hearing  
is that it has brought prominently  
forward the whole negro question.  
It has been demonstrated that the  
race question in the south, after all  
these years, is not only not settled,  
but that the president's action early  
in his administration in seemingly  
siding with the colored population  
against the whites, has greatly in-  
tensified it. The fact that he is now  
denounced by the entire negro race  
for his action in dismissing the three  
companies shows to what extent they  
regarded him as their champion. The  
question raised by senator Foraker  
was one of simple justice, whether  
soldiers could be dismissed by whole-  
sale without a hearing on the charge  
that some of their comrades had com-  
mitted a crime. Had it not been that  
the soldiers were colored, it is certain  
that every senator from the South  
would have been behind senator  
Foraker. But the fact that the race  
question is yearly becoming more  
acute in the South, and that the pre-  
sident's action in the army of colored soldiers  
does not tend to bridge the chasm  
between the two races, caused the  
entire South to rejoice that so many  
negro soldiers had been dismissed,  
and once dismissed they desired them  
to stay dismissed. They, and all who  
are at all familiar with the conditions  
in the South, are certain that a re-  
vocation of the order of dismissal  
would be even more effective in in-  
cluding the negro population to make  
claims which no white population  
will stand, then even the favor shown  
by the president to Booker Washing-  
ton, the abolition of the Indian  
postoffice, the imposition of a colored  
collector of customs on Charleston,  
or the appointment of a negro assist-  
ant district attorney in Boston. The  
discussion of the race question which  
has thus been precipitated in con-  
gress is believed to be only the  
beginning of the second great struggle  
of the present time. The two races  
on the same soil presents. The Civil  
war freed the negro; the question  
now remains "What shall we do with  
him?" In states, cities and com-  
munities where the negroes out-  
number the whites, this is a question  
which is yearly becoming more press-  
ing, and the trend of opinion develop-  
ed by the recent discussion is that it  
is about time to take action. And in  
all this there is a lesson for those  
who would have unrestricted immigra-  
tion of Asiatics with the privilege of  
naturalization attached.

Last Monday senator Flint intro-  
duced in the Senate a bill to protect  
the interests of the United States on  
the lower Colorado river and for the  
establishment of the Imperial valley  
and Colorado river valley irrigation  
projects. By it the secretary of the  
Interior is authorized to organize  
reclamation projects for the Imperial  
valley and the valleys of the Colo-  
rado river, and to construct works  
in Mexico to prevent the river from  
overflowing its banks. The sum of  
\$2,000,000 is set aside for the survey,  
acquisition of rights and property  
and the construction and mainten-  
ance of works in Mexico. Of this  
sum so much as the secretary of the  
Interior deems proper may be used  
to repay in whole or in part money  
actually expended by private agencies  
since December 20, 1906, on tempo-  
rary works for restraining the Colo-  
rado river. The expenditure of  
money in Mexico is, of course,  
authorized on the grant by Mexico of  
rights of way or property for the  
purpose of constructing controlling  
works, and the money expended in  
Mexico shall be included in the cost  
of the Imperial valley project and  
shall be returned to the government  
as provided for in the Reclamation  
act.

This bill is looked upon with much  
favor by those who have given the  
matter consideration, and there is  
reason to believe that it will be  
favored by the Reclamation service  
and will receive the approval of the  
president. It seems to be pretty  
generally agreed that the government  
should take hold of the irrigation of  
that part of California if it is to be  
a real success, for the prospects are  
too large for individual associations  
unless backed by more capital than  
is likely to be placed at the disposal  
of irrigating companies. The Imper-  
ial valley is too rich a section of  
California to be left to the mercies of  
inefficient management and financial  
weakness of the controllers of the  
water. Under the circumstances as  
they recently developed, the only way  
to preserve and continue the develop-  
ment of that rich region is for the  
United States to take the matter in  
hand.

Already there begins to appear in  
Washington letters from settlers in  
the Imperial region whose lands have  
been inundated by the flood, or who  
have been injured in other ways.  
One class of sufferers has appealed to  
congressman Smith, who introduced  
a bill extending the time for making  
final proof on lands located in that  
region under the desert land laws.  
He proposed to extend the time two  
years from the time proof and pay-  
ment would have become due under  
existing law. The committee on  
public lands reported the bill favor-  
ably, seeing no objection to allowing  
settlers time to make proof that their  
land is under irrigation, which oppor-  
tunity is taken away by the ravages of  
the Colorado flood. Congressman  
Mann of Illinois was the only one to  
make objection, but this he did in  
the face of the explanation of the  
committee on public lands. Con-  
gressman Smith made a most vigorous  
fight to the bill, but as congressman  
Mann insisted on objecting, action  
had to go over for the present. Con-  
gressman Smith, however, may be  
relied upon to use every means to  
overcome the objection, and will  
receive the help of the delegation.

The interest in irrigation in the  
Sacramento valley is increasing the  
more is known of the valley and its  
possibilities. A day or two ago the  
director of the geological survey,  
Chas. D. Walcott, told senator Per-  
kins that the soil of the Sacramento  
valley is as good as the best in the  
world, and the whole valley is capable  
of indefinite development. In fact,  
the Sacramento valley is the richest  
in California, awaiting only water to  
live in productiveness small and rich  
localities which have been brought  
under water. He stated that a site  
for a dam had been selected above  
Red Bluff, where the entire Sacra-  
mento can be impounded with lack-  
erough to hold the floods of a  
couple of years. The control of this  
stream is therefore assured, and its  
flood waters, will not much longer  
work havoc. This control of  
the water, besides allowing irriga-  
tion, will enable the people of the  
valley to rid themselves of the  
material districts which are found  
here and there along the upper river.  
It will be possible to close sloughs  
and otherwise prevent the overflow of  
low lands where stagnant water breeds  
malaria. When the project is com-  
pleted, which the director of the  
geological survey says is assured,  
there will be a mighty change in the  
character of the Sacramento valley.  
It may be said that this development  
of the valley has now fairly begun,  
for irrigation is now sure to be  
established, and California will ex-  
hibit to the world another cause for  
wonder at marvelous growth and pro-  
sperity.

The superintendent of the Life Sav-  
ing Service, Major Blakeley, has  
written to senator Perkins regarding  
the necessity of the establishment of  
a life saving station at Half Moon  
Bay and at Drake's Bay. The rapidly  
increasing commerce of San Francisco  
demands immediate action, and the  
superintendent laid down the case  
very strongly. At the last session  
senator Perkins introduced a bill  
providing for a station at Half Moon  
Bay, and this bill passed the senate,  
and is now before the House com-  
mittee, where it will be locked after  
by congressmen Kahn, Hayes and Mc-  
Kinley. The matter of another  
station at Drake's Bay has been  
brought to the attention of the Life  
Saving Service here and a request  
made that its establishment be recom-  
mended, when senator Perkins will  
introduce a bill and push it in the  
senate. There is thought to be little  
doubt that general superintendent  
Kimball will approve.

An effort is being made to secure  
for California the next grand encamp-  
ment of the regulars and national  
guard. Last year the maneuvers  
were held at American Lake, Wash-  
ington, but senator Perkins and Flint  
and other members of the delegation  
have requested the secretary of war to  
select a site in California for the  
camp the coming year. A tract at  
Atascadero in San Luis Obispo  
county, is the location on which  
favorable reports have been made for  
a permanent military camp, and  
measures authorizing its purchase by  
the government have been introduced  
in congress. It is not believed that  
such purchase will be authorized at  
this session at least, for the reason  
that other states would insist upon  
such amendment; that it would be  
thereby killed.

Just when it was believed that the  
subtreasury site in San Francisco  
had been successfully disposed of  
by the purchase of two lots to bring  
the old site down to Montgomery  
street, there appears in Washington  
the owner of the site of the old stock  
exchange on Pine street, with an  
offer to sell to the government. He  
has visited the treasury department  
and laid his proposition before the  
officials, who are said to have given  
him a willing ear. But whether the  
old arrangement will be abrogated or  
not is not yet known. It is held that  
the government, should it desire the  
Pine street site, could sell its Com-

mercial-Montgomery street lots for  
more than it gave. It therefore looks  
as though it were not quite certain  
that the new subtreasury will be  
erected on the old lot, enlarged by  
purchase.

Senator Perkins has introduced a  
bill providing for the appointment of  
an additional district judge for the  
Northern district of California, and  
has requested the attorney general  
to give the matter his immediate  
attention and advise the judiciary  
committee that it may be in a posi-  
tion to take speedy action on the bill.  
W. W. Clark, financial agent of the  
China Famine Relief Association,  
Berkeley, a few days ago telegraphed  
to senator Perkins, requesting that  
a bill be introduced appropriating  
\$1,000,000 for the relief of sufferers  
from famine in China. The senator  
placed the matter before secretary  
Koot for the purpose of ascertaining  
how great was the need of China and  
asking his opinion as to the advan-  
tability of an appropriation for relief.  
The secretary of State replied that he  
is very desirous of having a large  
fund raised for the relief of sufferers  
by the famine in China, but that before any move-  
ment is made to secure government  
participation it would be best to  
ascertain whether China would accept  
it, and whether the necessary resolu-  
tion would pass both Houses of Con-  
gress without question. His opinion  
is that China would not accept a gift  
made officially by this government,  
and if it would, that it would be  
worse to have a resolution fail than  
to have nothing said about it. In  
consequence there will be no imme-  
diate action on the part of congress.

President David Starr Jordan of  
Stanford University has written to  
senator Perkins urging the establish-  
ment of game preserves in California,  
in accordance with the provisions of  
the bill introduced by the senator and  
objected to by senator Teller. As  
senator Teller was formerly secretary  
of the Interior, president Jordan's  
letter was referred to him. In his  
reply, made today, senator Teller said  
that while it is apparent that there is  
a necessity for such protection of  
game, the State of California has  
ample power to secure such protection  
by the enactment and enforcement of  
its laws. As to the assertion that  
state laws will not operate on and  
within forest reservations within the  
state, senator Teller stated emphati-  
cally that such was not the case.  
When California was admitted it was  
endowed with jurisdiction over every  
acre of soil except where there was a  
positive exclusion of jurisdiction.  
Until the state cedes to the govern-  
ment its exclusive authority, as in  
the case of land for public buildings,  
its laws must prevail. Acts of con-  
gress authorizing the president to  
withdraw public lands for forest  
reserves can not authorize him to  
withdraw them from State control  
in all matters of jurisdiction that  
belong to the State by virtue of its  
admission as a state. Unless the  
State Legislature cedes its jurisdiction  
over public lands, the government is  
in the simple position of a proprietor.  
As congress can not take away or  
destroy the State's authority it can  
not, of course, authorize the presi-  
dent to do so. Therefore unless the  
State cedes its jurisdiction to the  
general government it has full and

complete jurisdiction as to the areas  
withdrawn from entry and within  
forest reservations, military reserva-  
tions etc., over which California by  
its legislature has not ceded its  
authority.  
A few days ago Frank J. Symmes  
of the Merchants' Association of San  
Francisco wired senator Perkins to  
secure from the secretary of the treas-  
ury an official statement of the  
amount of money he will deposit in  
San Francisco national banks against  
city bonds, as promised to the city's  
committee. Today the secretary  
replied that before any action can be  
taken the San Francisco banks must  
make application for deposits based  
on city bonds and must furnish in-  
formation from which he can ascertain  
the actual market value of said bonds.  
The price at which they are purchas-  
ed by local banks will not be accepted  
as proof of value. That proof must  
be made in the world's market for  
securities of this kind. When the  
actual market value of the bonds is  
ascertained, the secretary will, ac-  
cording to his promise to the citizens  
committee, accept them as security  
for government deposits at ninety per  
cent of such value.

**Don't Starve Your Bird.**  
It is a common mistake to think that  
pets can only be taught when hungry  
and to commence a bird's training by  
depriving it of breakfast, dinner or  
supper is a most unhappy beginning.  
In reality the feathered folk are just  
as apt and full of fun after a comfort-  
able meal as before it, and to starve,  
scurry or otherwise ill treat the little  
creature will usually render it too un-  
happy to learn quickly if at all. Birds  
are extremely nervous beings. They  
love a low, quiet voice and gentle  
movements—love to be talked to, coaxed  
and made much of. If the pet is a  
new one and seems specially excitable  
or timid, you will have to teach it first  
of all not to fear you. Any little games  
he is to learn must be acquired after-  
ward.—Mary Dawson in St. Nicholas.

**A Singer's Lungs.**  
The singer at the end of the practice  
aria panted heavily.  
"I sang 100 notes that time," he said,  
"without once taking breath."  
"Indeed, That must be a record."  
"No. The record is held by Courtice  
Pounds. Pounds sang 616 notes with-  
out respiration in 1896. The record  
previous to that was held by Farinelli,  
with 200 notes. Norman Salmond has  
sung 237 notes in this way."  
"It is wonderful what lungs trained  
singers have. The average man could  
hardly sing fifty notes without breath-  
ing, whereas to the singer 200 would be  
nothing."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

**Nome Means Home.**  
It is said that the name of Nome  
was the result of an error made by  
some Englishman in writing a letter.  
He evidently intended to write the  
word "home," but the makers of the  
maps read it Nome, and thus the name  
Nome belongs to history and the great  
district of Alaska. Some authorities  
claim that the word Nome is a corrup-  
tion of the Indian phrase or word  
Knoma, meaning something like "I  
know it."—National Magazine.

**Happiness.**  
If you cannot be happy in one way,  
be in another, and this facility of dis-  
position wants but little aid from phi-  
losophy, for health and good humor  
are almost the whole affair. Many  
run about after felicity, like an absent-  
minded man hunting for his hat while  
it is in his hand or on his head.

# ENGLAND SAYS NO ALUM IN FOOD

In England and France the Sale  
of Alum Baking Powder is pro-  
hibited by law because of the in-  
jurious effects that follow its use.

The law in the District of  
Columbia also prohibits Alum  
in food.

You may live where as yet you have no protection against Alum  
The only sure protection against Alum in your Baking Powder is to

## Say plainly— ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL is made from Absolutely pure Cream of Tartar,—a pure Grape  
product. Aids digestion—adds to the healthfulness of food.

## From Our Exchanges

Dr. E. L. Jones, Louis Lagomarmo and Foster Peck, all Mokelumne  
Hillites, have gone into the grape  
raising business. They recently pur-  
chased 145 acres of land on the Cher-  
okee Lane about 6 miles from Lodi in  
San Joaquin county, the purchase  
price of which was \$18,000. They ex-  
pect to set out 20 acres of vines the  
coming season. We believe the young  
men have made a good investme-  
nt and in a few years they will un-  
doubtedly have a good bank account  
as a reward of their industry. To  
show the value of land in the Lodi  
country we will mention the fact that  
last week two school teachers, Misses  
Beile and Anna McKenzie, purchased  
five acres of land near Lodi for which  
they paid \$5,000. The land is without  
fence or buildings, but last year  
yielded \$1,400 worth of Tokays.—  
Mok. Chronicle.

The appellate court of the third  
appellate district last Monday held  
its "ceils" reversing the verdict of  
the jury in the case of Fred Seiaroni  
and W. F. Mitchell, convicted in the  
county of dynamiting the Angela  
quartz mine. The main testimony on  
which the conviction was made was  
that of an accomplice and the higher  
courts holds that this was not suffi-  
ciently corroborated. The opinion  
was written by Justice Burnett and  
restores the men to freedom. Seiaroni  
has been at liberty on bail since con-  
viction, but Mitchell is still in jail  
here.—Prospect.

A step has been taken that will  
benefit the mines around the Mother  
Lode. The San Francisco Stock Ex-  
change has under consideration the  
listing of the stocks of the mines.  
The effect of trading in these stocks  
will be the more ready enlment of  
capital in these enterprises, and it  
is expected that some of the golden  
stream that is now flowing into  
Nevada's deserts will be diverted into  
the profitable Southern mines section.  
—Democrat.

Tuesday evening a called meeting  
of the Sierra Mining Exchange was  
held in the office of the organization.  
There was a fairly good attendance,  
and much interest was taken in the  
matters discussed thereat. The new  
mining exchange is now receiving  
applications for membership at a  
rapid rate, and it is already planned  
to start three subordinate exchanges  
at the following places: Angels Camp,  
Jackson and Nevada City. The  
following board of governors was  
elected at the meeting: J. T. Thomp-  
son, president; A. W. Phipps, vice  
president; A. W. Johnson, secretary;  
J. W. White, treasurer; Paul F.  
Green, William Sharwood of Berkeley,  
and W. F. Fletcher of San Francisco.  
The quarters occupied by the Ex-  
change will be nicely fitted up, and  
are samples from all mines will be  
on exhibition.—New Era.

A liquid cold relief with a laxative  
principle which drives out the cold  
through a copious action of the  
bowels, and a healing principle which  
angers in the throat and stops the  
cough—that is Kennedy's Laxative  
Cough Syrup. Safe and sure in its  
action; pleasant to take; and con-  
forms to National Pure Food & a  
Drug Law. Contains no opiates.  
Sold by W. F. Ruber.

**The children's friend—  
Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge**  
Drives out blood impurities. Makes strong nerves and muscles.  
Gives tone, vitality and snap.  
Get it from your druggist



The children's friend—  
**Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge**  
Drives out blood impurities. Makes strong nerves and muscles.  
Gives tone, vitality and snap.  
Get it from your druggist







## WHITE PINE TAR WITH MENTHOL for COLDS.

Take our White Pine Tar with Menthol for Colds. It will relieve the throat, stop the coughing, and relieve the soreness. It's a fine, pure helpful cough syrup—Good enough for children and equally good for grown people. Agrees with weak stomachs. Price 50c. Money back if not satisfied.

RUSHER'S  
CITY PHARMACY.

Jackson, Cal.

### LOCAL NEWS

Ladies Attention! Send your name, address and size of dress-shields, also name of dry goods store where you trade and receive free sample pair "Canfield's" Hieks Brand Gossamer Weight Shields. Address "Canfield" care of the S. H. and M. Co., 25 South St., San Francisco, Cal.

St. Augustine's church, Jackson.—Divine service with holy communion will be celebrated Sunday next, at 11 a. m. Wm. Tuson, rector.

The Rt. Rev. W. H. Moreland D. D., will visit Jackson and other missions Sunday the 13th of March.

Judge John F. Davis came up from the city Tuesday, on legal business. Ira, the eight year old son of R. Angove, fell on a glass bottle Tuesday, cutting a gash in his left arm, which required several stitches to close.

The "Isle of Inlets" company advertised to show here on Jan. 30th and 31st, did not turn up. Reports were circulated derogatory to the troupe, so the engagement was called off. In Sonora, it is said, only one-fourth of the number of performers advertised appeared.

Emil Lieby from Vienna, who is making a pleasure trip through the United States, came up from San Francisco Tuesday, in company with Judge Davis, to see this mining section. He is a nephew of Mrs. Manassas, one of the stockholders of the Kennedy. He left with Judge Davis Thursday morning.

Matthew McGary left Monday for the purpose of making a tour of the mining camps of Southern Nevada. He may conclude to go into business there, should sufficient inducements offer. He was accompanied by his daughter Carrie, who had been for some time waiting on tables at the National hotel.

Dr. Tiffany was over from Plymouth Monday, in consultation with Dr. Phillips on the case of F. M. Whitmore, who is critically ill at his room in the National hotel.

Mrs. Inga Bright left Tuesday for her home in Oakland, after a visit of two or three weeks with her mother, Mrs. W. Kay.

About twenty persons went over to Sutter Creek on Tuesday evening to the entertainment given by the Sutter Creek Choral club, recently organized by Mrs. Sweezy, instructor in music in the Berkeley school.

The visitors and the townspeople were greatly pleased with the program, and all speak in the highest terms of the progress made in the musical line by the club members in such a brief space of time under the efficient generalship of this talented lady.

Some changes have been made recently in the employees of the Standard Electric Company at Electra. G. H. Bragg, who has been superintendent, has been moved to another and equally responsible position elsewhere for the same company. R. O. Conger, the chief electrician, who has been there almost from the installation of the plant, will also leave for another sphere. His place will be filled by Lester Flagg.

Mrs. Rose Scott left Tuesday morning for Sacramento, to join her husband, R. W. Scott, formerly employed as job printer at the Dispatch, who is now engaged in the state printing office.

Rev. Father Simonovich, resident priest of the Greek Orthodox church, left last week for Butte City, Montana, where he will take charge of the church in that place. This leaves the church here without a resident priest. It is reported that Rev. S. Dabovich, though whose efforts the church was established here some fourteen years ago, but who is now a high official of the church in Chicago, will return here on a visit, and may be arranged for a resident pastor.

When you wish the finest flavored coffee and tea, remember that W. J. Nettie keeps only the best.

The weight of snow last week crushed in the roof of the chlorination works of the Welland mine. It has been idle and dilapidated for years, and the snow storm brought about a complete collapse.

Miss Rose Stasal left Wednesday morning for San Francisco, to be gone about a week.

The board of supervisors will meet in regular session next Monday.

Ledger and Chicago Week's Inter-ocean, both papers for one year, \$2.50 in advance.

J. H. Cook, skiptender at the Kennedy, was struck by a piece of rock last Friday, cutting a gash in the wrist of the right hand, and has been disabled from work since. The injury is not serious, and he will be able to return to work in a few days.

J. F. Wilson, Dentist. Hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Phone—Office, Black 444; residence, Black 394; Jackson.

### CITY TRUSTEES.

Board of Trustees met Jan. 31, at 8 p. m. Present Wm. Tam chairman pro tem; trustees, W. Penry, H. Leam. Minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Trustee Tam reported the laying of new water pipe on Stasel Avenue, by Mrs. Richtmyer, and said that the board ought to take some action in regard to putting the necessary flittings in place, so as to equip that portion of the town with fire plugs.

Ordinance No. 28, an ordinance levying a street poll tax for 1907, was advanced to its second reading and placed upon its first passage, and adopted by unanimous vote.

Ordinance No. 29, an ordinance imposing a license tax upon all dogs for 1907, was advanced to its second reading and placed upon its final passage, and passed.

Adjourned until February 7.

### AMADOR.

Miss Edythe Berryman returned home from San Francisco Sunday evening.

Miss Maud Calvin returned to her home in Oakland Tuesday, accompanied by Miss Fanny Kelly of this place.

Mrs. A. Dunlap and daughter, are the guests of Mr and Mrs J. R. Dunlap.

A number of Amadorites attended the entertainment in Sutter Creek Tuesday night.

The banquet given by the K. of P. Saturday night, was largely attended.

The program was excellent, and all report having a fine time.

A large crowd was on the street Monday night waiting for the band concert, but the band boys failed to appear. It is hoped none of them are sick, and that we will have a concert as usual next Monday night.

R. M. Ford sr., is on the sick list. Mrs. Stone, who had been very sick for the past month, died Sunday morning at six o'clock. She leaves a loving husband and little son to mourn her loss.

She was buried in the Odd Fellows cemetery in Sutter Creek Wednesday afternoon, the services being held at the M. E. church of this place. The bereaved family have the heartfelt sympathy of the entire community. Inquirer.

A telegraphic dispatch was received this week from R. L. Kerr, at Goldfield, stating that he worth \$100 per ton had been struck in the Higginson lease, in which he and other Jackson men are interested. This ore was encountered at a depth of over 200 feet. The property is situated within a stone's throw of the Mokaw lease, which has surrendered millions in the past year.

Chas. Tam and young Boro, who have been through a serious spell of sickness from typhoid fever, have so far recovered as to be able to appear on the streets. They are still pale and feeble, but gaining in strength steadily.

W. J. Nettie moved the first of this week from the dwelling house of C. M. Meek to the Barsi dwelling on Broadway, recently vacated by W. E. Kent.

Mrs. Barkan & Sewall—Specialists for eye, ear, nose and throat, are now located at 1700 California St., corner Van Ness Ave. San Francisco.

Marion W. Moore, walking delegate of the Western Federation of Miners, left Monday morning, after attending the meeting of the Jackson Union Sunday night. There is still one or two officials from headquarters in Denver here. The meeting Sunday night was without any decisive action. It is freely reported on the street that the question of eight hours and wages is being agitated, and that the agitation involves every part of the county.

The grand jury is in session today, and will probably make a final report either today or tomorrow.

Messrs Marshall, Hancock and Laurie, who have been working at the Kennedy and Argonaut mines left this morning for Bisbee, Arizona.

It is reported that a dispatch from the chemist in the Ferrasci poisoning cases has been received, stating that no trace of alkali poisons had been found, and that the deaths were no doubt due to ptomaine poisoning.

Ed. Laven left for Grass Valley Thursday morning.

The Wildman mine was sold at sheriff's sale this afternoon to J. S. Brownell, the judgment creditor for the amount of judgment and costs.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

### SKATING CARNIVAL.

Big Crowd at the Masked Ball.

The first masquerade skating carnival for Jackson was held in the big rink on Saturday evening last, and scored one of the biggest successes in that line that this town has ever witnessed. A large attendance was looked for, as is always the case when any amusement out of the old rut is on foot. The crowd was fully up to expectations, in spite of the mud channels that the streets had been converted into by the incessant rains. There were 94 in mask on skates, and the spectators are estimated at fully 300. The range of characters represented was limited, and the costumes were mostly of the simplest and most inexpensive character. Indeed, the majority wore a mask. Still there was novelty enough to keep the spectators guessing as to the identity of the characters. A few were very good take-offs. The carnival proper, lasted not more than a couple of hours, when the participants unmasked, and a regular dance was given, and kept up with spirit until early the following morning. The Jackson band furnished the music. Two prizes were awarded of \$2.50 each, one for the best sustained lady character, which was carried off by Mrs. J. Forsythe. The gentlemen's prize fell to the lot of Harry Moore, who represented "Zeke"—and acted the part in good shape.

The participants in mask were as follows:

George Flumer, mask.  
Miss Agnes Newman, do.  
Miss Ora Angove, do.  
D. Laughton, mascot.  
Roy Justus, mask.  
A. Bolmini, do.  
Elmer Matthew, do.  
H. Tucker, do.  
George Schwartz, base ball player.  
Huet Vicini, little girl.  
Lawrence Newman, mask.  
A. LeMoin, do.  
W. Dalley, Hooligan.  
R. Asbury, tramp.  
Miss Asbury, mask.  
Miss Amick, do.  
F. Letang, do.  
G. Pardini, do.  
Gertrude Gorman, do.  
Emma Pearl, do.  
F. Chinn, do.  
Lee Kerfoot, Dutchman.  
R. Ruge, mask.  
D. Caminetti, do.  
Eva Fraser, do.  
Miss A. Dodge, do.  
Miss Parrow, do.  
Miss Parrow, do.  
William Tam, do.  
J. Podesta, cowboy.  
D. Matley, hobo.  
Lida Maruccini, hobo.  
Hattie Flagg, sailor girl.  
Marion Flagg, hobo.  
Luella Roberts, sailor girl.  
Mrs. Dr. Endicott, Egyptian queen.  
Mrs. Dr. Gail, Red Cross nurse.  
Miss Flora Holbrook, maid.  
Maurice Newman, fat man.  
Geo. Folger, clown.  
Mrs. Zumbiel, day and night.  
Miss Rose Fortner, starlight.  
C. Dalponta, nigger.  
Mrs. Forsythe, calendar.  
Miss L. Podesta, primrose.  
Eunice Going, waitress.  
Mrs. J. Fontenrose, waitress.  
J. Fontenrose, dude.  
Herbert Palmer, band master.  
C. M. Voorheis, Jew.  
C. Ruge, old maid.  
Alfred Prout, nigger.  
L. Love, hobo.  
A. Guerard, mask.  
Mrs. Hawkins, do.  
Sarah Bernardi, china girl.  
Harry Moore, Zeke.  
W. Bastian, Chinaman.  
M. Roberts, mask.  
L. Doyle, do.  
Lena Podesta, do.  
Mrs. Flora Salzgeber, do.  
D. Dragolovich, do.  
Carric Giannini, Colton.  
J. F. Butler, queen of the rink.  
W. Campbell, mask.  
Miss McCall, do.  
Mrs. Hill, do.  
Miss Cooper, do.  
Miss Edna Palmer, do.  
Miss B. McGary, do.  
Miss M. McGary, do.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Rainfall.

The rainfall for the past week in Jackson has been as follows:

Jan. 25 . . . . . 0.24

" 26 . . . . . 0.36

" 27 . . . . . 0.19

" 28 . . . . . 1.17

Jan. 31 . . . . . 0.16

Feb. 1 . . . . . 0.58

Total for week . . . . . 2.70

Total for season . . . . . 22.08

Same period last year . . . . . 13.52

By an oversight last week we gave the total for this season as 21.76 inches. It should have been 19.80.

Card of Thanks.

The undersigned hereby acknowledge the many acts of kindness shown to them in the last hours and funeral ceremonies of the member of their families, namely: Mrs. Marie Ferrasci, Lydia Ferrasci, John I. Ferrasci and Ermina Cottini, and gratefully return thank for such kindnesses.

Tobias Ferrasci and family.

A. Cottini.

### An Ingenious Piece of Work.

A nickel-in-the-slot machine is on exhibition in the store of Nettie & Oliver, which is out of the ordinary run of such machines. It is the invention of a local man, John Rule, who is employed at the Argonaut mine. The machine represents a stamp mill, hoisting machinery, and all the adjuncts of a tin mine in Cornwall. It is operated by electric power, and so nicely adjusted is the mechanism that the weight of a nickel placed in the slot starts the machinery in motion, and it runs for about five minutes. Those who have worked in the tin mines of England, say it is a very correct representation. The pumping, hoisting and stamp batteries give a good idea of the workings of such mines in the old country. It has attracted a crowd of miners since it was placed on exhibition. The machine complete was fashioned by the hand of Rule himself. It took him seven months to do the work, working of course in his spare hours, when not employed at his daily toil in the mine. Those who have not already seen it should step in and spend a nickel in seeing the machinery in operation.

Use a little Kodol after your meals and it will be found to afford a prompt and efficient relief. Kodol nearly approximates the digestive juices. It digests what you eat. It is sold on a guaranteed relief plan. Sold here by F. W. Rubser.

### Sierra Hospital and Sanitarium.

Drs. L. E. Phillips of Jackson and P. S. Goodman of Sutter Creek, have perfected arrangements, after several months of quiet but effective work, for the establishment of a local hospital, for the treatment of injuries and non-contagious diseases. They have leased the Fuller residence, near Martell station, a very desirable location for such a purpose. This will be specially fitted up to accommodate from 15 to 20 patients, and will have trained nurses in charge. The place will be thoroughly overhauled inside and out, and made attractive in every way. It is to be called "The Sierra Hospital and Sanitarium." Any miner by paying \$1 per month will be entitled to treatment without any extra charge, except \$5 per week for board while an inmate therein. Others will be admitted on equally liberal terms. The idea is to provide a place in this county where surgical and other cases can be treated as advantageously as in the larger cities, which will obviate the necessity of going outside for treatment. The climate here cannot be excelled for sanitarium purposes, and in the course of time, when the advantages become generally known, the institution will attract patients from beyond the county borders, who will come for climatic and scenic reasons, as well as economical medical treatment and nursing. The sanitarium fills a long felt want, and should meet with every encouragement from the people of Amador generally.

### Amador County Bank Matters.

A preliminary meeting of citizens who are likely to become interested in the reorganization of the Bank of Amador county was held in the supervisors' room on Wednesday afternoon. There were about 20 persons present, all prominently identified with the business interests of the county, several from Sutter Creek, Plymouth and other points. No decisive action was taken, but the proposition of reorganization in its different phases was discussed freely. The bank is capitalized at \$30,000, and the profits have accumulated without being disbursed in dividends until the amount invested is in the neighborhood of \$60,000. The object is to get the people to take a live interest in the affairs of the bank by having the stock scattered widely throughout the county. It is not intended that half a dozen men shall have a controlling interest therein. The bank stock was bought by C. L. Culbert and Julius Chicholsa in October last. They now propose to distribute the stock to parties willing to take it at the price they paid, with reasonable interests added. A committee of four was appointed to allot the stock, and to ascertain whether the parties to whom it was allotted would take the same. It was all allotted without difficulty, and there will be no trouble in replacing such stock as may be declined. When the stock is thus distributed a meeting of stockholders will be called, and a new board of directors elected. The advisability of increasing the capital stock will be discussed and acted upon thereafter.

Willie wailed and Winnie wheezed, while wintry winds whined weirdly. Willie wailed while Winnie wheezed wretchedly. Wisdom whispers winter winds work woes. Wherefore we write, "Use Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup." Nothing else so good. Sold by F. W. Rubser.

### Birthday Party.

A whist party was given Wednesday evening at the residence of Mrs. Gardner on the Hamilton tract, in honor of the birthday anniversary of her son, E. R. Gardner, manager of the Sunset Telephone Company in Jackson. Those present were Mrs. Gardner, E. R. Gardner, Misses Rose and Margaret Stasal, Mrs. Jackson, Olive Jackson and Irene Folger. A very enjoyable evening was spent. Miss Margaret Stasal won the first prize, Miss Irene Folger, the second and Olive Jackson secured the booby prize.

### Unclaimed Letters.

In Jackson post office, January 31, 1907

Pietro Chindo, Mrs. H. Clarke, Loko Dragievic, Mrs. Henry Martin, Alex Newman, Mrs. D. Taron, W. Pemberton.

### CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

### The Poison Patient Getting Well.

Marie Canonica, who at the time of going to press last week was hovering between life and death from the effects of ptomaine poisoning in partaking of dinner at the Ferrasci residence a week ago Saturday, is steadily improving, and is now believed to be out of danger. She can eat well, and seems to be progressing all right toward complete recovery. Whether the poisoning will leave any permanent effects upon the muscles of the throat is not known. The chances are that no ill effects will follow. An idea has got abroad that the little patient helped herself along the way of salvation by twisting a handkerchief and passing it down her throat to keep the passage open. Such action would not assist in the least, so the medical experts declare. The trouble was in the paralysis of the muscles, not the closing of the throat. It seems that this sole survivor of the bean diet partook very slightly of food at the dinner. She is a light eater anyway, and it is believed she took very little of the beans.

Tobia Ferrasci and his three remaining children, left for their home on the Standard Electric ditch on Saturday morning, after the sad experience of consigning the four victims of ptomaine poisoning to their last earthly resting place in the Catholic cemetery. Naturally the father feels keenly the strain of returning to the old homestead around which cluster the memories of the terrible experience he has gone through. The eldest daughter too, is also equally sensitive on the same point. At first it was doubtful whether they could stand the ordeal. But they finally concluded that in the path of active and daily round of business and the lapse of time were the only solace for the great trouble. Mr. Ferrasci has been a very faithful employee of the company, always attentive to his duties.

Nothing definite has been heard of the result of the chemical analysis of the stomach and contents sent to San Francisco. The report of the chemist is expected daily.

It appears that after taking the one jar of preserved beans from the cellar in which they were kept, district attorney Vicini visited the place a second time, and took two more sample jars. These were selected for the reason that they did not seem to be in like good condition as those in the first jar. Fermentation was apparent and the beans smelt rancid and sour, with a slimy covering of the beans on the top, which were not completely covered by the liquid. One of these jars has been forwarded to the city for analysis. The beans in the first jar taken seemed in perfect preservation, but in the others they are far from being in good condition, judging from the naked eye.

### Death of an Old Resident.

Giovanni Belloumini, an old resident of the vicinity of Jackson, died rather suddenly early Wednesday morning, at his residence about 1 1/2 miles south of this town. He was practically an invalid for several years, owing to failing eyesight, which kept him most of his time indoors for several years past. Up to the day before his death, however, he was able to get around the house as usual. About six o'clock Tuesday evening the doctor was summoned and found him in a rapidly failing condition. He continued to grow worse, and died early the following morning. He leaves an aged widow, and an only child, John Virgilio, aged 35 years. He was one of the largest land owners, and cattle raisers in this section, owning over a thousand acres between Jackson and the Mokelumne river, besides summer pasture lands in Alpine county. He was a native of Italy, aged about 75 years.

He came to California in the 1849, coming by way of the isthmus of Panama. He first engaged in teaming between here and Sacramento. He has lived in this county ever since, except a visit to his native land many years ago. The funeral will be held tomorrow from the Catholic church.

### Officers Installed.

Harmony Lodge D. of H. No. 113, installed officers jointly with Jackson Lodge No. 135, A. O. U. W., on Monday evening. The officers installed were: Past chief of honor, Mrs. M. G. Barker; chief of honor, Mrs. Vienna Guerard; lady of honor, Mrs. Lillie French; chief of ceremonies, Mrs. A. Bradshaw; usher, Mrs. L. Clark; financier, Gertrude Barker; recorder, Mrs. Luitana Mitchell; recorder, Mrs. A. Lema; outside watch, Mrs. H. Kohler; inside watch, W. J. Nettie; trustees, Jas. Dye, W. J. Nettie. Past grand chief, Lillie French, acted as installing officer. After enjoying a short program the members adjourned to the banquet room, where refreshments were served to which all did justice.

Officers of A. O. U. W. installed by P. M. W. James E. Dye, on Monday Jan. 28:

W. J. Nettie, master workman; D. B. Spagnoli, foreman; Thos. Lemm, overseer; James E. Dye, recorder; Luke J. Glavinovich, financier; Geo. A. Gritton, receiver; John Gusto, guide; L. Poggi, inside watch; B. C. O'Neill, outside watch.

Officers of Amador Lodge, No. 65, F. A. M. installed by P. M. James E. Dye on Tuesday, Jan. 29:

Richard Church Rust, W. M.; Jay Fremont Wilson, S. W.; Luke Joseph Glavinovich, J. W.; John Henry Langhast, treasurer; James E. Dye, secretary; Rev. William Tuson, chaplain; John Ould, marshal; Robert Ousby, S. D.; Nathan Pierson, William Edwin J. Trevisakis, stewards; John Gusto, tyler.

Piles of people have piles. Why suffer from piles when you can use DeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve and get relief. Nothing else so good. Beware of imitations. See that the name is stamped on each box. Sold by F. W. Rubser.

### MINING NOTES.

Valparaiso—Some fine samples of black metal ore are on exhibition at Ginocchio's store, taken recently from the Valparaiso mine, near Middle Par. It is believed there is quite a body of this rock, which will yield, from appearances, hundreds of dollars to the ton. The seam of quartz lies below the tunnel level, and it will be necessary to sink in order to extract it. The owners are jubilant over the outlook, as it looks like the best strike that has been made in this property for a number of years.

### Complain of Passenger Service.

Travelers are making much complaint about the indifferent service on the Amador Branch Railroad, between Ione and Galt. Twice last week the train failed to connect at Galt with the west bound passenger train for San Francisco, and passengers for the bay cities had to go by way of Sacramento, at much inconvenience and loss of time. The reason for this poor service is said to be the heavy freight and switching done en route. The trains are made up of both passengers and freight cars, and the switching on of freight at way stations causes long halts. The traffic is said to be too heavy for one mixed train each way to handle. Evidently the I. & E. road has had the effect already of greatly augmenting the freight traffic on the down trip. Much more material is being shipped out of the county than before the advent of the railroad, and this export trade will steadily increase. The Southern Pacific authorities will no doubt soon inaugurate separate passenger and freight trains on this important branch line.

### Passing of a Colored Landmark.

On Friday last Nat. Cecil, the old colored man who had been such a familiar figure about Ione, passed away at the Obermeyer home in the Grange. That had been his home for many years. The funeral took place at the Ione cemetery Sunday afternoon, being conducted by Rev. F. P. Flegal. The obsequies were attended by a large assemblage, as old Nat was well liked by everybody who knew him. The remains were laid to rest in Ione cemetery. Nathaniel Cecil was born in Missouri and was about 70 years old. He was born a slave and was the property of S. J. Cecil, who brought him to this state in 1857. Nat went to work for Smith & Martin in their lumber camps and with the first \$1500 he earned bought his freedom from his master. He then went to work for J. P. Martin, riding after cattle, and later worked for the Rio Soco Grant. He had been riding continuously for 35 years and was an expert stockman. He has never married and left no kinfolks.—Echo.

### A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.

Itching, blind, bleeding, protruding piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if Pains Ointment fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

### AKUM.

Aukum, Jan. 28.—Mr. Stumpf came down from Indian Diggins through the snow, which he reports is 22 inches deep. He returned again last Wednesday.

J. Wrigglesworth went down from here on Saturday, to put in a telephone box for John Davis.

Mrs. A. J. Crain jr., came down on Saturday from Cedar Grove, to visit her parents for a few days. Mr and Mrs. Oliver Bail.

James Votaw was a visitor here on Saturday. He reports that his brother-in-law, Henry Laventon, is extremely sick with pneumonia, at the residence of his brother, John, at Georgetown.

Mr. Tyler, who has been sick for several days, is still confined to his bed. He is past 80 and it is, so I hear, a general breakdown of the system. He is an old pioneer, and was one among three others who first deserted the long-ton and mined with sluices, this being in Nevada county in the early '50's.

Mr. Phelps of the Phelps mine close to Brownsville, was here a few days ago on business. His company has bought the extension of their claim from a Mr. McVee, paying \$5,000 cash for the same.

The extreme inclement weather that has prevailed this part for three or four weeks has seriously impeded progress in many ways. Giddy, Dick.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers  
The famous little pills.

### SUPERIOR COURT.

HON. R. C. RUST, JUDGE.

Estate of W. H. Russell—Ordered that administrator pay claim of Lena Clements in the sum of \$235.57.

Estate of E. S. Potter—Hearing on payment of certain claims against estate set for February 2.

Estate of Francis A. Howard—Order made on December 20, closing said estate and discharging administratrix set aside on the ground that the estate is not ready to be closed. Administratrix to proceed with administration, W. Going, V. Podesta and W. L. Fortner appointed appraisers.

Estate of Lorenzo A. Bianchi et al minors—Order made that bank book, etc., in possession of clerk be turned over to the custody of guardian.

Estate of J. H. Bonham—Hearing on petition for probate of will continued until February 2.

Estate of Wm. H. Russell—Elizabeth Jane Symons petitions for letters of administration; February 11 set for hearing.

Has Stood the Test 23 Years.

The old, original Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. You know what you are taking. It is iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. 50c.

### DOCUMENTS RECORDED.

The following instruments have been filed for record in the recorder's office since our last report. We publish a complete list of documents recorded, and must decline to accede to any request to suppress any document from these columns. Don't ask us to do so.

Deeds—Sutter Creek State Bank to Mrs.



